

Husky[®] 3300 Air-Operated Diaphragm Pump

3A0410E

ΕN

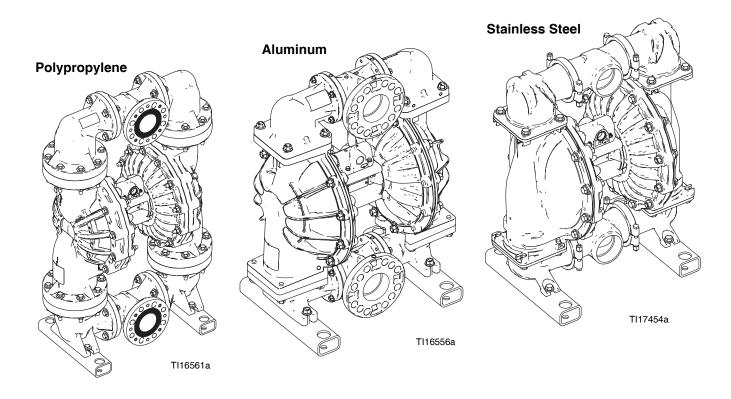
Heavy-duty 3-inch pump with large flow paths for fluid transfer applications, including high-viscosity materials. For professional use only.

See page 4 for model information, including approvals.

125 psi (0.86 MPa, 8.6 bar) Maximum Working Pressure, Aluminum or Stainless Steel Pumps with Aluminum Center Section

100 psi (0.7 MPa, 6.9 bar) Maximum Working Pressure, Polypropylene or Stainless Steel Pumps with Polypropylene Center Section







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Related Manuals

Manual	Description
3A0411	Husky 3300 Air-Operated Diaphragm Pump, Repair/Parts

To Find Your Nearest Distributor

- 1. Visit www.graco.com.
- Click on Where to Buy and use the Distributor Locator.

To Specify the Configuration of a New Pump

Please call your distributor.

OR

- 1. Use the Online Husky Selector Tool at wwwd.graco.com/training/husky/index.html.
- If the link does not work, you will find the selector tool on the Process Equipment page at www.graco.com.

To Order Replacement Parts

Please call your distributor.

Distributor Note

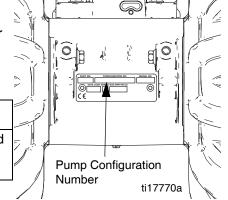
- 1. To find part numbers for new pumps or kits, use the Online Husky Selector Tool.
- **2.** To find part numbers for replacement parts:
 - **a.** Use the 20-digit number from the ID plate on the pump. If you only have the Graco 6-digit part number, use the selector tool to find the corresponding 20-digit number.
 - **b.** Use the Configuration Number Matrix on the next page to understand which parts are described by each digit.
 - **C. Use the Repair/Parts Manual.** Refer to the main Parts illustration and to the Parts/Kits Quick Reference. Follow the page references on these two pages for further ordering information, as needed.
- Please call Graco Customer Service to order.

Configuration Number Matrix

Check the identification plate (ID) for the 20-digit Configuration Number of your pump. Use the following matrix to define the components of your pump.

Sample Configuration Number: 3300A-A01AA1TPACTPBN

3300A	A01A	A1	TP	AC	TP	BN
Model	Section and		Seats	Balls	. •	Manifold and Seat Seals



Pump	Center Section and Air Valve Material		For Use With		Fluid Covers and Manifolds		
3300A★	Aluminum	A01A	Standard Diaphragms	A1	Aluminum, center flange, npt		
Aluminum		A01E	Optional FKM seals with Standard Diaphragms	A2	Aluminum, center flange, bspt		
3300P†	1	A01G	Overmolded Diaphragms	P1	Polypropylene, center flange		
Polypropylene	Polypropylene†	P01A	Standard Diaphragms	S1	Stainless steel, npt		
3300S★		P01G	Overmolded Diaphragms	S2	Stainless steel, bspt		
Stainless Steel							

^{★ 3300}A (aluminum) and 3300S (stainless steel) pumps with aluminum center sections are certified:



† Pumps with polypropylene fluid or center sections are not ATEX certified.

(Check Valve Seats		Check Valve Balls		Diaphragm	Man	ifold and Seat Seals*
AC	Acetal	AC	Acetal	BN	Buna-N	BN	Buna-N
AL	Aluminum	BN	Buna-N	СО	Polychloroprene Overmolded	PT	PTFE
BN	Buna-N	CR	Polychloroprene Standard	CR	Polychloroprene		
FK	FKM Fluoroelastomer	CW	Polychloroprene Weighted	FK	FKM Fluoroelastomer		
GE	Geolast [®]	FK	FKM Fluoroelastomer	GE	Geolast		
PP	Polypropylene	GE	Geolast	РО	PTFE/EPDM Overmolded		
SP	Santoprene [®]	PT	PTFE	PT	PTFE/Santoprene Two-Piece		
SS	316 Stainless Steel	SP	Santoprene	SP	Santoprene		
TP	TPE	TP	TPE	TP	TPE		

^{*} Models with Buna-N, FKM Fluoroelastomer or TPE seats do not use o-rings.

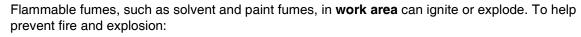
Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

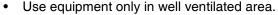
WARNING

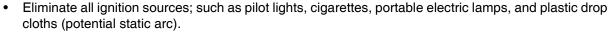


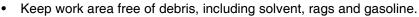
FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

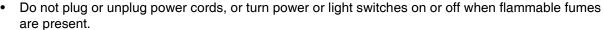












- Ground all equipment in the work area. See Grounding instructions.
- Use only grounded hoses.
- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail. Do not use pail liners unless they
 are antistatic or conductive.
- **Stop operation immediately** if static sparking occurs or you feel a shock. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.
- Route exhaust away from all ignition sources. If diaphragm ruptures, fluid may be exhausted with air.



Static charge may build up on plastic parts during cleaning and could discharge and ignite flammable vapors. To help prevent fire and explosion:

- Clean plastic parts only in a well ventilated area.
- Do not clean with a dry cloth.
- Do not operate electrostatic guns in equipment work area.



PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD



Fluid from the equipment, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury.

- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop spraying/dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

WARNING



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.



- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.
- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure.
- Turn off all equipment and follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards.
- Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- · Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



THERMAL EXPANSION HAZARD



Fluids subjected to heat in confined spaces, including hoses, can create a rapid rise in pressure due to the thermal expansion. Over-pressurization can result in equipment rupture and serious injury.



- Open a valve to relieve the fluid expansion during heating.
- Replace hoses proactively at regular intervals based on your operating conditions.



PRESSURIZED ALUMINUM PARTS HAZARD

Use of fluids that are incompatible with aluminum in pressurized equipment can cause serious chemical reaction and equipment rupture. Failure to follow this warning can result in death, serious injury, or property damage.

- Do not use 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methylene chloride, other halogenated hydrocarbon solvents or fluids containing such solvents.
- Many other fluids may contain chemicals that can react with aluminum. Contact your material supplier for compatibility.



PLASTIC PARTS CLEANING SOLVENT HAZARD

Many solvents can degrade plastic parts and cause them to fail, which could cause serious injury or property damage.



- Use only compatible water-based solvents to clean plastic structural or pressure-containing parts.
- See **Technical Data** in this and all other equipment instruction manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's MSDSs and recommendations.

WARNING



TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD



Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Route exhaust away from work area. If diaphragm ruptures, fluid may be exhausted into the air.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.



BURN HAZARD

Equipment surfaces and fluid that's heated can become very hot during operation. To avoid severe burns:

• Do not touch hot fluid or equipment.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Wear appropriate protective equipment when in the work area to help prevent serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.

Installation

Overview

The Typical Installation shown in Fig. 1 is only a guide for selecting and installing system components. Contact your Graco distributor for assistance in planning a system to suit your needs.

Reference letters in the text, for example (A), refer to the callouts in the figures.

Key:

Accessories/Components Not Supplied

- A Air supply line
- B Bleed-type master air valve (may be required for your pump installation)

- C Air filter/regulator assembly
- D Master air valve (to isolate the filter/regulator for service)
- E Grounded, flexible fluid supply line
- F Fluid drain valve (may be required for your pump installation)
- G Fluid shutoff valve
- H Grounded, flexible fluid outlet line

System Components

- J Air inlet port (not visible)
- K Air outlet port and muffler
- L Fluid inlet port
- M Fluid outlet port
- N Ground screw (Aluminum and stainless steel only, see Fig. 3, page 9)
- P Mounting brackets

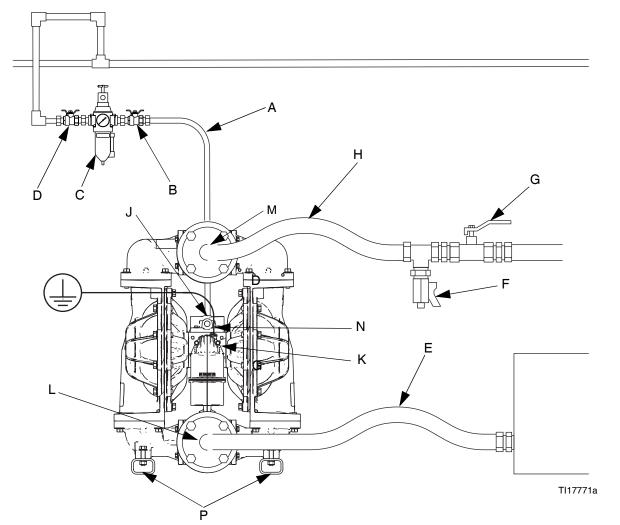


Fig. 1. Typical Installation (aluminum pump shown)

Tighten Fasteners

Before mounting and using the pump for the first time, check and retorque all external fasteners. Follow **Torque Instructions**, page 14, or see the torque tag on your pump. After the first day of operation retorque the fasteners.

Mount the Pump

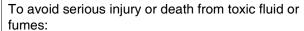












- Ventilate to a remote area. The pump exhaust air may contain contaminants. See Air Exhaust Ventilation on page 11.
- Never move or lift a pump under pressure. If dropped, the fluid section may rupture. Always follow the Pressure Relief Procedure on page 12 before moving or lifting the pump.
- Verify that the bolts holding the pump feet to the brackets are tight. Torque to 40-45 ft-lb (54-61 N•m) for Polypropylene and Stainless Steel, and 55-60 ft-lb (75-81 N•m) for Aluminum.
- 2. Secure the brackets to the floor. Do not mount on any other surface. The pump must be mounted upright.

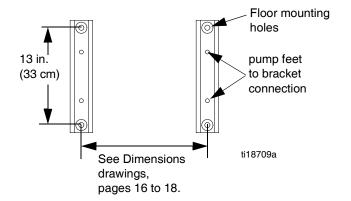


Fig. 2. Mounting Diagram

Make sure the surface is flat and that the pump does not wobble. 4. For ease of operation and service, mount the pump so air valve, air inlet, fluid inlet, and fluid outlet ports are easily accessible.

Ground the System







The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking. Static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

- Aluminum and stainless steel pumps have a ground screw. Always ground the entire fluid system as described below.
- Polypropylene pumps are not conductive and are not for use with flammable fluids.
- Follow your local fire codes.

Pump: See Fig. 3. Loosen the ground screw (N). Insert one end of a 12 ga. minimum ground wire behind the ground screw and tighten the screw securely. Connect the clamp end of the ground wire to a true earth ground. A ground wire and clamp, Part 238909, is available from Graco.

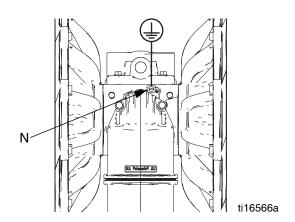


Fig. 3. Ground screw and wire

Air and fluid hoses: Use only grounded hoses with a maximum of 500 ft (150 m) combined hose length to ensure grounding continuity.

Air compressor: Follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Fluid supply container: Follow local code.

Solvent containers used when flushing: Follow local code. Use only conductive metal containers, placed on a grounded surface. Do not place the container on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.

Check your system electrical continuity after the initial installation, and then set up a regular schedule for checking continuity to be sure proper grounding is maintained.

Fluid Supply Line

- 1. Use grounded, flexible fluid hoses (E). See **Ground** the **System**, page 9.
- If the inlet fluid pressure to the pump is more than 25% of the outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation. Excessive inlet fluid pressure also will shorten diaphragm life. Approximately 3-5 psi (0.02-0.03 MPa, 0.21-0.34 bar) should be adequate for most materials.
- For maximum suction lift (wet and dry), see Technical Data, page 20. For best results, always install the pump as close as possible to the material source. Minimize suction requirements to maximize pump performance.

Fluid Outlet Line

- 1. Use grounded, flexible fluid hoses (H). See **Ground** the **System**, page 9.
- 2. Install a fluid drain valve (F) near the fluid outlet.
- 3. Install a shutoff valve (G) in the fluid outlet line.

Fluid Inlet and Outlet Ports

NOTE: Remove and rotate the center manifold(s) to change the orientation of inlet or outlet port(s). Follow **Torque Instructions** on page 14.

Aluminum (3300A)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have a 3 in. ANSI/DIN center flange with either 3 in.-8 npt or 3 in.-11 bspt internal threads.

Polypropylene (3300P)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have a 3 in. raised face ANSI/DIN center flange.

NOTICE

Use even and opposite torque to connect to the polypropylene manifold flange. Excessive uneven force can damage the flange.

Stainless Steel (3300S)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have either 3 in.-8 npt or 3 in.-11 bspt ports.

Air Line

- Install an air regulator and gauge (C) to control the fluid pressure. The fluid stall pressure will be the same as the setting of the air regulator.
- Locate a bleed-type master air valve (B) close to the pump and use it to relieve trapped air. Be sure the valve is easily accessible from the pump and located downstream from the regulator.







Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing.

- 3. Locate another master air valve (D) upstream from all air line accessories and use it to isolate them during cleaning and repair.
- 4. An air line filter (C) removes harmful dirt and moisture from the compressed air supply.
- 5. Install a grounded, flexible air hose (A) between the accessories and the 3/4 npt(f) pump air inlet.

Air Exhaust Ventilation









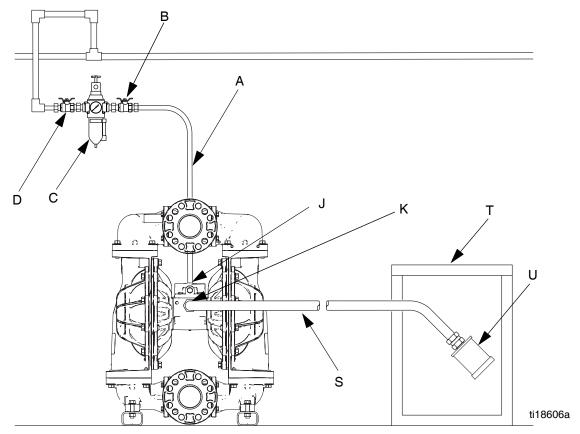
If pumping flammable or toxic fluids, you must vent the exhaust away from people, animals, food handling areas, and all sources of ignition. Follow all applicable codes.

NOTICE

The air exhaust port is 1 npt. Do not restrict the air exhaust port. Excessive exhaust restriction can cause erratic pump operation and poor diaphragm life.

To provide a remote exhaust:

- 1. Remove the muffler (U) from the pump air exhaust port (K).
- Install a grounded air exhaust hose (S) and connect the muffler (U) to the other end of the hose. Use muffler PN 111897, sold separately. The minimum size for the air exhaust hose is 1 in. (25 mm) ID. If a hose longer than 15 ft (4.57 m) is required, use a larger diameter hose. Avoid sharp bends or kinks in the hose.
- 3. Place a container (T) at the end of the air exhaust line to catch fluid in case a diaphragm ruptures. If the diaphragm ruptures, the fluid being pumped will exhaust with the air.



Key:

- A Air supply line
- B Bleed-type master air valve (may be required for your pump installation)
- C Air filter/regulator assembly
- D Master air valve (for accessories)
- Fig. 4. Vent exhaust air

- J Air inlet port (not visible)
- K Air outlet port
- S Grounded air exhaust hose
- T Container for remote air exhaust
- U Muffler

Operation

Pressure Relief Procedure



Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you see this symbol.











This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is relieved manually. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as splashing in the eyes or on skin, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you stop pumping and before you clean, check, or service the equipment.

- Shut off the air supply to the pump.
- 2. Open the dispensing valve, if used.
- Open the fluid drain valve (F) to relieve fluid pressure. Have a container ready to catch the drainage.

Flush the Pump Before First Use

The pump was tested in water. If water could contaminate the fluid you are pumping, flush the pump thoroughly with a compatible solvent. See **Flushing and Storage**, page 13.

Start and Adjust the Pump

- 1. Be sure the pump is properly grounded. Refer to **Ground the System** on page 9.
- Check fittings to be sure they are tight. Use a compatible liquid thread sealant on male threads.
 Tighten fluid inlet and outlet fittings securely.
- 3. Place the suction tube (if used) in fluid to be pumped.

NOTE: If fluid inlet pressure to the pump is more than 25% of outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation.

NOTICE

Excessive fluid inlet pressure can reduce diaphragm

- Place the end of the fluid hose into an appropriate container.
- 5. Close the fluid drain valve (F).
- 6. Back out the air regulator knob (C), and open all bleed-type master air valves (B, D).
- 7. If the fluid hose has a dispensing device, hold it open.
- Slowly increase air pressure with the air regulator until the pump just starts to cycle. Allow the pump to cycle slowly until all air is pushed out of the lines and the pump is primed.

NOTE: Use lowest possible air pressure to prime, just enough to cycle the pump. If the pump does not prime as expected, turn air pressure **DOWN**.

- 9. If you are flushing, run the pump long enough to thoroughly clean the pump and hoses.
- 10. Close the bleed-type master air valve (B).

Pump Shutdown



At the end of the work shift and before you check, adjust, clean or repair the system, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 12.

Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule

Establish a preventive maintenance schedule based on the pump's service history. Scheduled maintenance is especially important to prevent spills or leakage due to diaphragm failure.

Lubrication

The pump is lubricated at the factory. It is designed to require no further lubrication for the life of the packings. There is no need to add an inline lubricator under normal operating conditions.

Tighten Threaded Connections

Before each use, check all hoses for wear or damage and replace as necessary. Check to be sure all threaded connections are tight and leak-free. Check mounting bolts. Check fasteners. Tighten or retorque as necessary. Although pump use varies, a general guideline is to retorque fasteners every two months. See **Torque Instructions**, page 14.

Flushing and Storage









- Flush before fluid can dry in the equipment, at the end of the day, before storing, and before repairing equipment.
- Flush at the lowest pressure possible. Check connectors for leaks and tighten as necessary.
- Flush with a fluid that is compatible with the fluid being dispensed and the equipment wetted parts.
- Always flush the pump and relieve the pressure before storing it for any length of time.

NOTICE

Flush the pump often enough to prevent the fluid you are pumping from drying or freezing in the pump and damaging it. Use a compatible solvent.

Torque Instructions

See Fig. 5 for fluid cover and air valve fasteners. See Fig. 6 for manifold fasteners.

NOTE: Fluid cover and manifold fasteners on the polypropylene pumps have a thread-locking adhesive patch applied to the threads. If this patch is excessively worn, the fasteners may loosen during operation. Replace screws with new ones or apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite or equivalent to the threads.

If fluid cover or manifold fasteners have been loosened, it is important to torque them using the following procedure to improve sealing.

NOTE: Always completely torque fluid covers, then torque the manifold pieces together, then torque the assembled manifolds to the fluid covers.

Start all fluid cover screws a few turns. Then turn down each screw just until head contacts cover. Then turn each screw by 1/2 turn or less working in a crisscross pattern to specified torque. Repeat for manifolds.

Fluid cover fasteners:

Polypropylene and Stainless Steel: 40-45 ft-lb

(54-61 N•m)

Aluminum: 55-60 ft-lb (75-81 N•m)

Manifold fasteners:

Polypropylene: 40-45 ft-lb (54-61 N•m)

Aluminum:

Refs 1-8: 11-21 ft-lb (15-28 N•m) **Refs 9-16:** 55-60 ft-lb (75-81 N•m)

Stainless Steel:

Refs 1-4: 110-120 in-lb (12-13 N•m) **Refs 5-12:** 40-45 ft-lb (54-61 N•m)

Retorque the air valve fasteners in a crisscross pattern to specified torque.

Air Valve fasteners

Plastic Center Sections: 45-55 in-lb (5-6.2 N•m) Aluminum Center Sections: 75-85 in-lb

(8.5-9.6 N·m)

Also check and tighten the nuts or bolts (X) holding the manifold feet to the mounting brackets.

Fluid Cover Screws 9 11 3 5 4 12 10 X ti16558a

Air Valve Screws

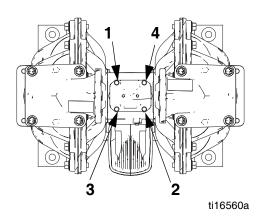
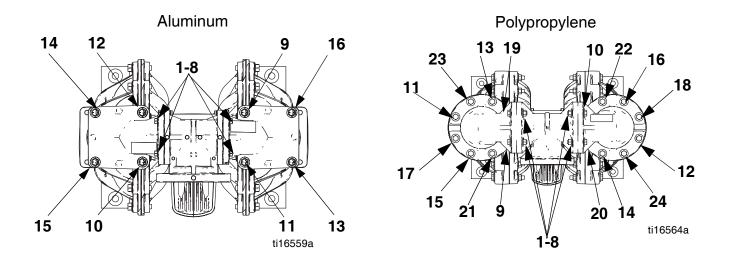


FIG. 5. Torque instructions, Fluid Covers and Air Valve Fasteners (all models, aluminum shown)



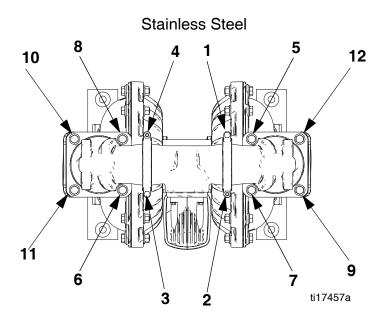
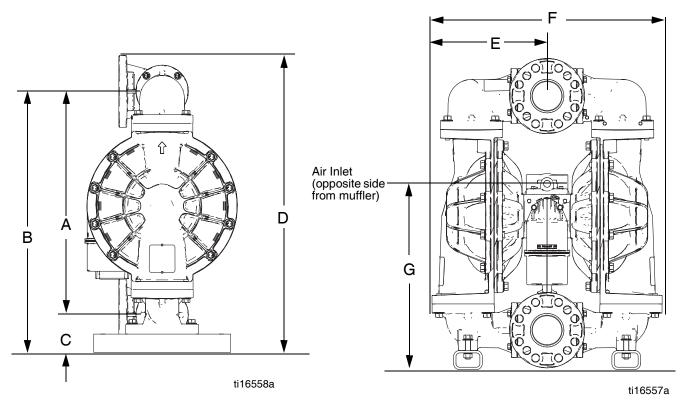
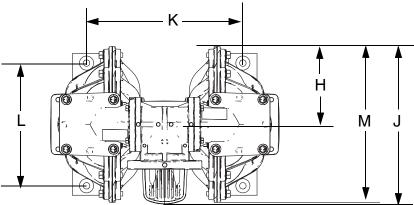


Fig. 6. Torque Instructions - Manifold Fasteners

Aluminum Pump Dimensions



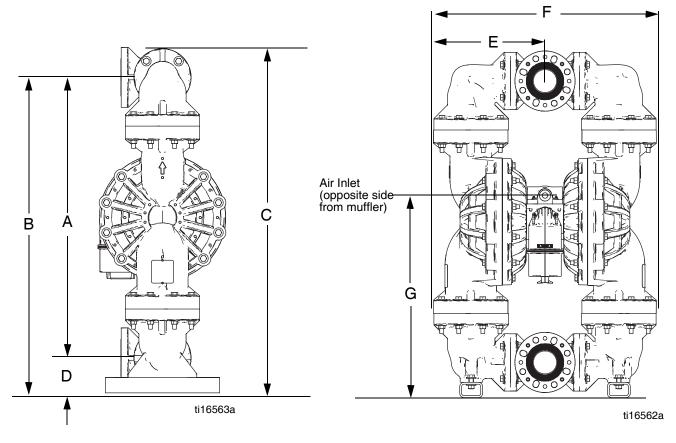


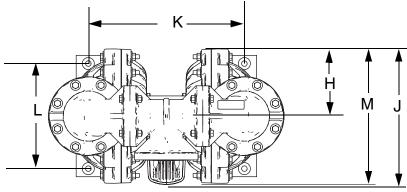
ti16559a

Α	24.50 in. (62.2 cm)
В	28.63 in. (72.7 cm)
С	4.13 in. (10.5 cm)
D	32.56 in. (82.7 cm)
E	12.04 in. (30.6 cm)
F	24.08 in. (61.2 cm)

G	19.70 in. (50.0 cm)
Н	8.25 in. (21.0 cm)
J	16.91 in. (42.9 cm)
K	16.56 in. (42.1 cm)
L	13.00 in. (33.0 cm)
M	16.5 in. (41.9 cm)

Polypropylene Pump Dimensions



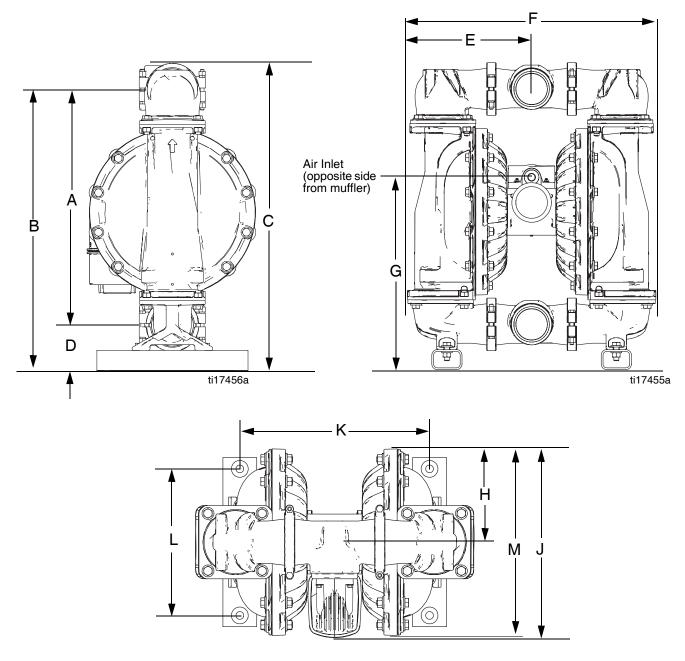


ti1	6564	

Α	36.80 in. (93.5 cm)
В	41.40 in. (105.2 cm)
С	45.34 in. (115.2 cm)
D	4.60 in. (11.7 cm)
Е	14.56 in. (37.0 cm)
F	29.12 in. (74.0 cm)

G	26.69 in. (67.8 cm)
Н	8.30 in. (21.1 cm)
J	16.96 in. (43.1 cm)
K	19.31 in. (49.0 cm)
L	13.00 in. (33.0 cm)
M	16.58 in. (42.1 cm)

Stainless Steel Pump Dimensions



ti17457a

Α	23.8 in. (60.5 cm)
В	27.88 in. (70.8 cm)
С	30.5 in. (77.5 cm)
D	4.5 in. (11.4 cm)
Е	12.34 in. (31.3 cm)
F	24.68 in. (62.7 cm)

G	19.38 in. (49.2 cm)
Н	8.25 in. (21.0 cm)
J	16.91 in. (42.9 cm)
K	16.83 in. (42.7 cm)
L	13.0 in. (33.0 cm)
М	16.5 in. (41.9 cm)

Performance Charts

Test Conditions: Pump tested in water with inlet submerged



Α

125 psi (0.83 MPa, 8.3 bar)

В

100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar)

C

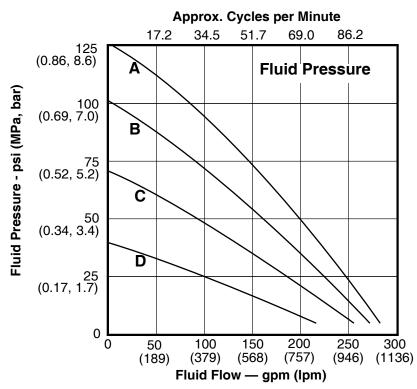
70 psi (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar)

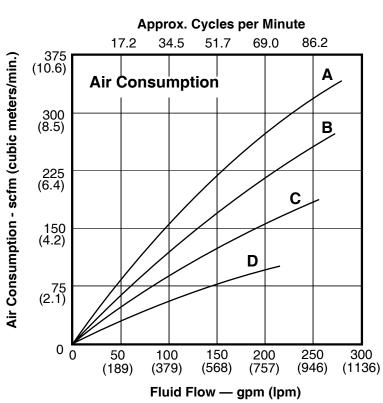
D

40 psi (0.28 MPa, 2.8 bar)

How to Read the Charts

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected operating air pressure curve.
- Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure (top chart) or air consumption (bottom chart).





Technical Data

Husky 3300			
	US	Metric	
Maximum fluid working pressure			
Aluminum or Stainless Steel with Aluminum Center Section	125 psi 0.86 MPa, 8.6 b		
Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with	100 psi	0.7 MPa, 7 bar	
Polypropylene Center Section			
Air pressure operating range** Aluminum or Stainless Steel with	00 105 noi	0.14.0.00 MDs 1.4.0.0 hav	
Aluminum Center Section	20-125 psi	0.14-0.86 MPa, 1.4-8.6 bar	
Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with Polypropylene Center Section	20-100 psi	0.14-0.7 MPa, 1.4-7 bar	
Air consumption			
All pumps	90 scfm at 70 psi, 100 gpm	2.5 m ³ /min at 4.8 bar, 379 lpm	
Maximum air consumption*			
Aluminum or Stainless Steel with Aluminum Center Section	335 scfm	9.5 m ³ /min	
Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with Polypropylene Center Section	275 scfm	7.8 m ³ /min	
Maximum free-flow delivery*			
Standard diaphragms	300 gpm at 125 psi	1135 lpm at 8.6 bar	
Standard diaphragms	280 gpm at 100 psi	1059 lpm at 7 bar	
Overmolded diaphragms	270 gpm at 125 psi	1022 lpm at 8.6 bar	
Overmolded diaphragms	260 gpm at 100 psi	984 lpm at 7 bar	
Maximum Pump Speed*		·	
Standard diaphragms	103 cpm at 125 psi	103 cpm at 8.6 bar	
Standard diaphragms	97 cpm at 100 psi	97 cpm at 7 bar	
Overmolded diaphragms	135 cpm at 125 psi	135 cpm at 8.6 bar	
Overmolded diaphragms	130 cpm at 100 psi	130 cpm at 7 bar	
Maximum suction lift (varies widely based on ball/serties, and other variables)*	seat selection and wear, op	erating speed, material prop-	
Dry	16 ft.	4.9 meters	
Wet	31 ft.	9.4 meters	
Recommended cycle rate for continuous duty	35 - 50 cpm		
Recommended cycle rate for circulation systems		0 cpm	
Maximum size pumpable solids	1/2 in.	13 mm	
Fluid flow per cycle**		_	
Standard diaphragms	2.9 gal	11.0	
Overmolded diaphragms	2.0 gal	7.6	
Ambient Temperature		<u></u>	
Minimum ambient air temperature for operation and storage. NOTE: Exposure to extreme low temperatures may result in damage to plastic parts.	32° F	0° C	

Husky 3300				
	US	Metric		
Noise (dBa)***				
Sound Power	99.1 at 50 psi and 50 cpm,	99.1 at 3.4 bar and 50 cpm		
	106.1 at 125 psi and full flow	106.1 at 8.6 bar and full flow		
Sound Pressure	91.5 at 50 psi and 50 cpm	91.5 at 3.4 bar and 50 cpm		
	98.2 at 125 psi and full flow	98.2 at 8.6 bar and full flow		
Inlet/Outlet Sizes				
Fluid inlet - Polypropylene	3 in. ANS	3 in. ANSI/DIN flange		
Fluid inlet - Aluminum	3 in8 npt or 3 in11 bsp	3 in8 npt or 3 in11 bspt with 3 in. ANSI/DIN flange		
Fluid inlet - Stainless Steel	3 in8 npt o	3 in8 npt or 3 in11 bspt		
Air Inlet - all pumps	3/4 i	3/4 in. npt(f)		
Wetted parts				
All pumps	·	Materials chosen for seat, ball, and diaphragm options,		
		construction - aluminum, poly-		
		el. Aluminum pumps also have oated steel.		
Non-wetted external parts	Carbon-c	oaled steel.		
Polypropylene	stainless stee	stainless steel, polypropylene		
Aluminum	aluminum, coa	aluminum, coated carbon steel		
Stainless Steel	stainless steel, poly	propylene or aluminum		
	(as used in	center section)		
Weight				
Polypropylene	200 lb	91 kg		
Aluminum	150 lb	68 kg		
Stainless Steel	255 lb	116 kg		
Notes				

Maximum values with water as media at ambient temperature. Water level is approximately 3 feet above pump inlet.

Santoprene® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Co.

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^{**} Startup pressures and displacement per cycle may vary based on suction condition, discharge head, air pressure, and fluid type.

^{***} Sound power measured per ISO-9614-2. Sound pressure was tested 3.28 ft (1 m) from equipment.

Fluid Temperature Range

NOTICE

Temperature limits are based on mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will further limit the fluid temperature range. Stay within the temperature range of the most-restricted wetted component. Operating at a fluid temperature that is too high or too low for the components of your pump may cause equipment damage.

	Fluid Temperature Range			
Diaphragm/Ball/Seat Material	Aluminum Pumps		Polypropylene Pumps	
Acetal	10° to 180°F	-12° to 82°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
Buna-N	10° to 180°F	-12° to 82°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
FKM Fluoroelastomer*	-40° to 275°F	-40° to 135°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
Geolast [®]	-40° to 150°F	-40° to 66°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
Polychloroprene overmolded diaphragm or Polychloroprene check balls	0° to 180°F	-18° to 82°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
Polypropylene	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
PTFE overmolded diaphragm	40° to 180°F	4° to 82°C	40° to 150°F	4° to 66°C
PTFE check balls	40° to 220°F	4° to 104°C	40° to 150°F	4° to 66°C
Santoprene® or two-piece PTFE/Santo-prene diaphragm	-40° to 180°F	-40° to 82°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C
TPE	-20° to 150°F	-29° to 66°C	32° to 150°F	0° to 66°C

^{*} The maximum temperature listed is based on the ATEX standard for T4 temperature classification. If you are operating in a non-explosive environment, FKM fluoroelastomer's maximum fluid temperature in aluminum pumps is 320°F (160°C).

Graco Standard Husky Pump Warranty

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Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 3A0410

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